

GDPR Policy

Person Responsible:	Director of School Services
Last Reviewed:	Autumn 2023
Adopted by Headteacher:	Autumn 2023
Next Review due:	Autumn 2024

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Statement of intent

Thornleigh Salesian College is required to keep and process certain information about its staff members, students, parents, governors, visitors and other individuals in accordance with its legal obligations under the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) and the Data Protection Act 2018 (DPA).

The school may, from time to time, be required to share personal information about its staff or students with other organisations, mainly the LA, other schools and educational bodies, and potentially children's services.

This policy is in place to ensure all staff and governors are aware of their responsibilities and outlines how the school complies with the following core principles of the GDPR.

Organisational methods for keeping data secure are imperative, and **Thornleigh Salesian College** believes that it is good practice to keep clear practical policies, backed up by written procedures.

This policy complies with the requirements set out in the GDPR and the DPA, which came into effect on 25 May 2018. The government have confirmed that the UK's decision to leave the EU will not affect the commencement of the GDPR.

1. Legal framework

- 1.1. This policy has due regard to legislation, including, but not limited to the following:
 - The General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR)
 - The Data Protection Act 2018 (DPA)
 - The Freedom of Information Act 2000
 - The Education (Student Information) (England) Regulations 2005 (as amended in 2016)
 - The Freedom of Information and Data Protection (Appropriate Limit and Fees) Regulations 2004
 - The School Standards and Framework Act 1998
- 1.2. This policy will also have regard to the following guidance:
 - Information Commissioner's Office (2017) 'Overview of the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR)'
 - Information Commissioner's Office (2017) 'Preparing for the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) 12 steps to take now'
- 1.3. This policy will be implemented in conjunction with the following other school policies:
 - Privacy notices (staff & students)
 - E-safety Policy
 - Acceptable Usage

2. Scope and Application

- 2.1 This policy applies to all staff employed by the school and sets out what we expect from staff. Compliance with this policy is mandatory and any breach of this policy may result in disciplinary action.
- 2.2 Any external organisation and/or persons(s) working on behalf of the school are also required to comply with this policy.
- 2.3 The DPO is responsible for overseeing this policy and developing related policies and guidelines where applicable.
- 2.4 Employees are responsible for:
- Ensuring that they collect, store and use any personal data in accordance with this policy; and
- Informing the school of any changes to their personal data, such as a change of address
- 2.5 Employees must contact the DPO with any questions about the operation of this policy or the GDPR or the DPA or if they have any concerns that this policy is not being

or has not been followed. In particular, employees must always contact the DPO in the following circumstances:

- if they are unsure that they have a lawful basis to use personal data in a particular way;
- if they need to rely on or capture consent;
- if they are unsure about how long personal data should be kept for;
- if they are unsure about what security measures they need to implement to protect personal data;
- if there has been a data protection breach;
- if they need any assistance dealing with any data protection rights invoked by an individual;
- if they need to transfer personal data outside of the European Economic Area;
- whenever they are engaging in a new activity which may affect privacy rights of individuals; or
- if they need help with any contracts or other areas in relation to sharing personal data with third parties.

3. Applicable data

3.1. For the purpose of this policy, **personal data** refers to information that relates to an identifiable, living individual, including information such as an online identifier, e.g. names (including initials), identification numbers, a username, an IP address or a job description. The GDPR applies to both automated personal data and to manual filing systems, where personal data is accessible according to specific criteria, as well as to chronologically ordered data and pseudonymised data, e.g. key-coded.

Sensitive personal data is referred to in the GDPR as 'special categories of personal data', which are broadly the same as those in the Data Protection Act (DPA) 1998 including racial or ethnic origin, political opinions, religious or philosophical beliefs, trade union membership, physical and mental health and sex life or sexual orientation. These specifically include the processing of genetic data, biometric data and data concerning health matters.

4. Principles

- 4.1. In accordance with the requirements outlined in the GDPR, personal data will be:
 - Processed lawfully, fairly and in a transparent manner in relation to individuals.
 - Collected for specified, explicit and legitimate purposes and not further
 processed in a manner that is incompatible with those purposes; further
 processing for archiving purposes in the public interest, scientific or
 historical research purposes or statistical purposes shall not be
 considered to be incompatible with the initial purposes.

- Adequate, relevant and limited to what is necessary in relation to the purposes for which they are processed.
- Accurate and, where necessary, kept up-to-date; every reasonable step
 must be taken to ensure that personal data that are inaccurate, having
 regard to the purposes for which they are processed, are erased or
 rectified without delay.
- Kept in a form which permits identification of data subjects for no longer than is necessary for the purposes for which the personal data are processed; personal data may be stored for longer periods, insofar as the personal data will be processed solely for archiving purposes in the public interest, scientific or historical research purposes or statistical purposes, subject to implementation of the appropriate technical and organisational measures required by the GDPR in order to safeguard the rights and freedoms of individuals.
- Processed in a manner that ensures appropriate security of the personal data, including protection against unauthorised or unlawful processing and against accidental loss, destruction or damage, using appropriate technical or organisational measures.
- 4.2. The GDPR also requires that "the controller shall be responsible for, and able to demonstrate, compliance with the principles".
- 4.3. How the school aims to comply with each of the data protection principles is set out in more detail below.

5. Accountability

- 5.1. **Thornleigh Salesian College** will implement appropriate technical and organisational measures to demonstrate that data is processed in line with the principles set out in the GDPR.
- 5.2. The school will provide comprehensive, clear and transparent privacy policies.
- 5.3. Records of activities relating to higher risk processing will be maintained, such as the processing of special categories data or that in relation to criminal convictions and offences.
- 5.4. Internal records of processing activities will include the following:
 - Name and details of the organisation
 - Purpose(s) of the processing
 - Description of the categories of individuals and personal data
 - Retention schedules
 - Categories of recipients of personal data
 - Description of technical and organisational security measures in place to protect the personal data

- Details of transfers to third countries, including documentation of the transfer mechanism safeguards in place
- 5.5. The school will implement measures that meet the principles of data protection by design and data protection by default, such as:
 - Data minimisation.
 - Pseudonymisation.
 - Transparency.
 - Allowing individuals to monitor processing.
 - Continuously creating and improving security features.
 - Regularly training employees on data protection law, this policy, any related policies and any other data protection matters. The school will maintain a record of training attendance by employees.
- 5.6. Data protection impact assessments will be used, where appropriate.

6. Data protection officer (DPO)

- 6.1. A DPO will be appointed in order to:
 - Inform and advise the school and its employees about their obligations to comply with the GDPR and other data protection laws.
 - Monitor the school's compliance with the GDPR, the DPA and other laws, including managing internal data protection activities, advising on data protection impact assessments, conducting internal audits, and providing the required training to staff members.
- 6.2. An existing employee will be appointed to the role of DPO provided that their duties are compatible with the duties of the DPO and do not lead to a conflict of interests.
- 6.3. The individual appointed as DPO will have professional experience and knowledge of data protection law, particularly that in relation to schools.
- 6.4. The DPO will report to the highest level of management at the school, which is the Headteacher.
- 6.5. The DPO will operate independently and will not be dismissed or penalised for performing their task.
- 6.6. Sufficient resources will be provided to the DPO to enable them to meet their GDPR obligations.

7. Lawful processing

- 7.1. The legal basis for processing data will be identified and documented prior to data being processed.
- 7.2. Under the GDPR, personal data will be lawfully processed under the following conditions:

- The consent of the data subject has been obtained.
- Processing is necessary for:
 - Compliance with a legal obligation.
 - The performance of a task carried out in the public interest or in the exercise of official authority vested in the controller.
 - For the performance of a contract with the data subject or to take steps to enter into a contract.
 - Protecting the vital interests of a data subject or another person.
 - For the purposes of legitimate interests pursued by the controller or a third party, except where such interests are overridden by the interests, rights or freedoms of the data subject. (This condition is not available to processing undertaken by the school in the performance of its tasks.)
- 7.3. Special categories of data will only be processed under the following conditions:
 - Explicit consent of the data subject, unless reliance on consent is prohibited by EU or Member State law.
 - Processing carried out by a not-for-profit body with a political, philosophical, religious or trade union aim provided the processing relates only to members or former members (or those who have regular contact with it in connection with those purposes) and provided there is no disclosure to a third party without consent.
 - Processing relates to personal data manifestly made public by the data subject.
 - Processing is necessary for:
 - Carrying out obligations under employment, social security or social protection law, or a collective agreement.
 - Protecting the vital interests of a data subject or another individual where the data subject is physically or legally incapable of giving consent
 - The establishment, exercise or defence of legal claims or where courts are acting in their judicial capacity.
 - Reasons of substantial public interest on the basis of Union or Member State law which is proportionate to the aim pursued and which contains appropriate safeguards.
 - The purposes of preventative or occupational medicine, for assessing the working capacity of the employee, medical diagnosis, the provision of health or social care or treatment or management of health or social care systems and services on the basis of Union or Member State law or a contract with a health professional.
 - Reasons of public interest in the area of public health, such as
 protecting against serious cross-border threats to health or ensuring
 high standards of healthcare and of medicinal products or medical
 devices.

 Archiving purposes in the public interest, or scientific and historical research purposes or statistical purposes in accordance with Article 89(1).

8. Consent

- 8.1. Consent must be a positive indication. It cannot be inferred from silence, inactivity or pre-ticked boxes.
- 8.2. Consent will only be accepted where it is freely given, specific, informed and an unambiguous indication of the individual's wishes.
- 8.3. Where consent is given, a record will be kept documenting how and when consent was given.
- 8.4. The school ensures that consent mechanisms meet the standards of the GDPR. Where the standard of consent cannot be met, an alternative legal basis for processing the data must be found, or the processing must cease.
- 8.5. Consent accepted under the DPA will be reviewed to ensure it meets the standards of the GDPR; however, acceptable consent obtained under the DPA will not be reobtained.
- 8.6. Consent can be withdrawn by the individual at any time.
- 8.7. Where a child is under the age of 16 the consent of parents will be sought prior to the processing of their data, except where the processing is related to preventative or counselling services offered directly to a child.

9. The right to be informed

- 9.1. The privacy notice supplied to individuals in regards to the processing of their personal data will be written in clear, plain language which is concise, transparent, easily accessible and free of charge.
- 9.2. If services are offered directly to a child, the school will ensure that the privacy notice is written in a clear, plain manner that the child will understand.
- 9.3. In relation to data obtained both directly from the data subject and not obtained directly from the data subject, the following information will be supplied within the privacy notice:
 - The identity and contact details of the controller (and where applicable, the controller's representative) and the DPO.
 - The purpose of, and the legal basis for, processing the data.
 - The legitimate interests of the controller or third party.
 - Any recipient or categories of recipients of the personal data.
 - Details of transfers to third countries and the safeguards in place.
 - The retention period of criteria used to determine the retention period.
 - The existence of the data subject's rights, including the right to:

- Withdraw consent at any time.
- Lodge a complaint with a supervisory authority.
- The existence of automated decision making, including profiling, how decisions are made, the significance of the process and the consequences.
- 9.4. Where data is obtained directly from the data subject, information regarding whether the provision of personal data is part of a statutory or contractual requirement, as well as any possible consequences of failing to provide the personal data, will be provided.
- 9.5. Where data is not obtained directly from the data subject, information regarding the categories of personal data that the school holds, the source that the personal data originates from and whether it came from publicly accessible sources, will be provided.
- 9.6. For data obtained directly from the data subject, this information will be supplied at the time the data is obtained.
- 9.7. In relation to data that is not obtained directly from the data subject, this information will be supplied:
 - Within one month of having obtained the data.
 - If disclosure to another recipient is envisaged, at the latest, before the data are disclosed.
 - If the data are used to communicate with the individual, at the latest, when the first communication takes place.

10. The right of access

- 10.1. Individuals have the right to obtain confirmation that their data is being processed.
- 10.2. Individuals have the right to submit a subject access request (SAR) to gain access to their personal data in order to verify the lawfulness of the processing.
- 10.3. The school will verify the identity of the person making the request before any information is supplied.
- 10.4. A copy of the information will be supplied to the individual free of charge; however, the school may impose a 'reasonable fee' to comply with requests for further copies of the same information.
- 10.5. Where a SAR has been made electronically, the information will be provided in a commonly used electronic format.
- 10.6. Where a request is manifestly unfounded, excessive or repetitive, a reasonable fee will be charged.
- 10.7. All fees will be based on the administrative cost of providing the information.
- 10.8. All requests will be responded to without delay and at the latest, within one month of receipt.

- 10.9. In the event of numerous or complex requests, the period of compliance will be extended by a further two months. The individual will be informed of this extension, and will receive an explanation of why the extension is necessary, within one month of the receipt of the request.
- 10.10. Where a request is manifestly unfounded or excessive, the school holds the right to refuse to respond to the request. The individual will be informed of this decision and the reasoning behind it, as well as their right to complain to the supervisory authority and to a judicial remedy, within one month of the refusal.
- 10.11. In the event that a large quantity of information is being processed about an individual, the school will ask the individual to specify the information the request is in relation to.
- 10.12. Personal data about a child belongs to that child, and not the child's parents. For a parent to make a SAR on behalf of their child, the child must either be unable to understand their rights and the implications of a SAR, or have given their consent.
- 10.13. Children aged 12 and above are generally regarded to be mature enough to understand their rights and the implications of a SAR. Therefore, most SARs from parents on behalf of students at the school may not be granted without the express permission of the student.
- 10.14. Employees must immediately forward any SAR to the DPO.

11. The right to rectification

- 11.1. Individuals are entitled to have any inaccurate or incomplete personal data rectified.
- 11.2. Where the personal data in question has been disclosed to third parties, the school will inform them of the rectification where possible.
- 11.3. Where appropriate, the school will inform the individual about the third parties that the data has been disclosed to.
- 11.4. Requests for rectification will be responded to within one month; this will be extended by two months where the request for rectification is complex.
- 11.5. Where no action is being taken in response to a request for rectification, the school will explain the reason for this to the individual, and will inform them of their right to complain to the supervisory authority and to a judicial remedy.
- 11.6. Employees must forward any request for rectification received immediately to the DPO.

12. The right to erasure

- 12.1. Individuals hold the right to request the deletion or removal of personal data where there is no compelling reason for its continued processing.
- 12.2. Individuals have the right to erasure in the following circumstances:

- Where the personal data is no longer necessary in relation to the purpose for which it was originally collected/processed
- When the individual withdraws their consent
- When the individual objects to the processing and there is no overriding legitimate interest for continuing the processing
- The personal data was unlawfully processed
- The personal data is required to be erased in order to comply with a legal obligation
- The personal data is processed in relation to the offer of information society services to a child
- 12.3. The school has the right to refuse a request for erasure where the personal data is being processed for the following reasons:
 - To exercise the right of freedom of expression and information
 - To comply with a legal obligation for the performance of a public interest task or exercise of official authority
 - For public health purposes in the public interest
 - For archiving purposes in the public interest, scientific research, historical research or statistical purposes
 - The exercise or defence of legal claims
- 12.4. As a child may not fully understand the risks involved in the processing of data when consent is obtained, special attention will be given to existing situations where a child has given consent to processing and they later request erasure of the data, regardless of age at the time of the request.
- 12.5. Where personal data has been disclosed to third parties, they will be informed about the erasure of the personal data, unless it is impossible or involves disproportionate effort to do so.
- 12.6. Where personal data has been made public within an online environment, the school will inform other organisations who process the personal data to erase links to and copies of the personal data in question.
- 12.7. Employees must forward any requests for erasure immediately to the DPO.

13. The right to restrict processing

- 13.1. Individuals have the right to block or suppress the school's processing of personal data.
- 13.2. In the event that processing is restricted, the school will store the personal data, but not further process it, guaranteeing that just enough information about the individual has been retained to ensure that the restriction is respected in future.
- 13.3. The school will restrict the processing of personal data in the following circumstances:

- Where an individual contests the accuracy of the personal data, processing will be restricted until the school has verified the accuracy of the data
- Where an individual has objected to the processing and the school is considering whether their legitimate grounds override those of the individual
- Where processing is unlawful and the individual opposes erasure and requests restriction instead
- Where the school no longer needs the personal data but the individual requires the data to establish, exercise or defend a legal claim
- 13.4. If the personal data in question has been disclosed to third parties, the school will inform them about the restriction on the processing of the personal data, unless it is impossible or involves disproportionate effort to do so.
- 13.5. The school will inform individuals when a restriction on processing has been lifted.
- 13.6. Employees must forward any requests for the restriction of processing immediately to the DPO.

14. The right to data portability

- 14.1. Individuals have the right to obtain and reuse their personal data for their own purposes across different services.
- 14.2. Personal data can be easily moved, copied or transferred from one IT environment to another in a safe and secure manner, without hindrance to usability.
- 14.3. The right to data portability only applies in the following cases:
 - To personal data that an individual has provided to a controller;
 - Where the processing is based on the individual's consent or for the performance of a contract; and
 - When processing is carried out by automated means.
- 14.4. Personal data will be provided in a structured, commonly used and machinereadable form.
- 14.5. The school will provide the information free of charge.
- 14.6. Where feasible, data will be transmitted directly to another organisation at the request of the individual.
- 14.7. The school is not required to adopt or maintain processing systems which are technically compatible with other organisations.

- 14.8. In the event that the personal data concerns more than one individual, the school will consider whether providing the information would prejudice the rights of any other individual.
- 14.9. The school will respond to any requests for portability within one month.
- 14.10. Where the request is complex, or a number of requests have been received, the timeframe can be extended by two months, ensuring that the individual is informed of the extension and the reasoning behind it within one month of the receipt of the request.
- 14.11. Where no action is being taken in response to a request, the school will, without delay and at the latest within one month, explain to the individual the reason for this and will inform them of their right to complain to the supervisory authority and to a judicial remedy.
- 14.12. Employees must forward any requests for data portability immediately to the DPO.

15. The right to object

- 15.1. The school will inform individuals of their right to object at the first point of communication, and this information will be outlined in the privacy notice and explicitly brought to the attention of the data subject, ensuring that it is presented clearly and separately from any other information.
- 15.2. Individuals have the right to object to the following:
 - Processing based on legitimate interests or the performance of a task in the public interest
 - Direct marketing
 - Processing for purposes of scientific or historical research and statistics.
- 15.3. Where personal data is processed for the performance of a legal task or legitimate interests:
 - An individual's grounds for objecting must relate to his or her particular situation.

The school will stop processing the individual's personal data unless the processing is for the establishment, exercise or defence of legal claims, or, where the school can demonstrate compelling legitimate grounds for the processing, which override the interests, rights and freedoms of the individual.

- 15.4. Where personal data is processed for direct marketing purposes:
 - The school will stop processing personal data for direct marketing purposes as soon as an objection is received.
 - The school cannot refuse an individual's objection regarding data that is being processed for direct marketing purposes.

- 15.5. Where personal data is processed for research purposes:
 - The individual must have grounds relating to their particular situation in order to exercise their right to object.
 - Where the processing of personal data is necessary for the performance of a public interest task, the school is not required to comply with an objection to the processing of the data.
- 15.6. Where the processing activity is outlined above, but is carried out online, the school will offer a method for individuals to object online.
- 15.7. Employees must forward any objections to processing to the DPO immediately.

16. Privacy by design and privacy impact assessments

- 16.1. The school will act in accordance with the GDPR by adopting a privacy by design approach and implementing technical and organisational measures which demonstrate how the school has considered and integrated data protection into processing activities.
- 16.2. Data protection impact assessments (DPIAs) will be used to identify the most effective method of complying with the school's data protection obligations and meeting individuals' expectations of privacy.
- 16.3. DPIAs will allow the school to identify and resolve problems at an early stage, thus reducing associated costs and preventing damage from being caused to the school's reputation which might otherwise occur.
- 16.4. A DPIA will be carried out when using new technologies or when the processing is likely to result in a high risk to the rights and freedoms of individuals.
- 16.5. A DPIA will be used for more than one project, where necessary.
- 16.6. High risk processing includes, but is not limited to, the following:
 - Systematic and extensive processing activities, such as profiling
 - Large scale processing of special categories of data or personal data which is in relation to criminal convictions or offences

The use of CCTV.

- 16.7. The school will ensure that all DPIAs include the following information:
 - A description of the processing operations and the purposes
 - An assessment of the necessity and proportionality of the processing in relation to the purpose
 - An outline of the risks to individuals
 - The measures implemented in order to address risk
- 16.8. Where a DPIA indicates high risk data processing, the school will consult the ICO to seek its opinion as to whether the processing operation complies with the GDPR.

17. Data breaches

Although Thornleigh Salesian College takes measures against unauthorised or unlawful processing and against accidental loss, destruction or damage to personal data as set out in this policy and the supporting policies referred to, a data security breach could still happen.

Examples of data breaches include:

- Loss or theft of data or equipment on which data is stored (e.g. losing an unencrypted USB stick, losing an unencrypted mobile phone)
- Inappropriate access controls allowing unauthorised use
- Equipment failure
- Human error (e.g. sending an email to the wrong recipient, information posted to the wrong address, dropping/leaving documents containing personal data in a public space)
- · Unforeseen circumstances such as fire or flood
- Hacking attack
- 'Blagging' offences where information is obtained by deceiving the school.

However the breach has occurred, the following steps should be taken immediately:

- 1. **Internal Notification:** Individual who has identified that a breach has occurred must notify the DPO immediately. A record of the breach should be created using the following templates (Appendix 3):
 - a. Data Breach Incident Form
 - b. Data Breach Log
 - c. Evidence Log
- Containment: DPO to identify any steps that can be taken to contain the data breach (e.g. isolating or closing the compromised section of network, finding a lost piece of equipment, changing access codes) and liaise with the appropriate parties to action these.
- 3. **Recovery:** DPO to establish whether any steps can be taken to recover any losses and limit the damage the breach could cause (e.g. physical recovery of equipment, back up tapes to restore lost or damaged data)
- 4. **Assess the risks:** Before deciding on the next course of action, DPO to assess the risks associated with the data breach giving consideration to the following, which should be recorded in the Data Breach Notification form (Appendix 3):
 - a. What type of data is involved
 - b. How sensitive is it?
 - c. If data has been lost/stolen, are there any protections in place such as encryption?
 - d. What has happened to the data?
 - e. What could the data tell a third party about the individual?
 - f. How many individuals data have been affected by the breach?
 - g. Whose data has been breached?

- h. What harm can come to those individuals?
- i. Are there wider consequences to consider such as reputational loss?
- 5. Notification to the Information Commissioners Office (ICO): Following the risk assessment in step 4, the DPO should notify the ICO within 72 hours of the identification of a data breach if it is deemed that the breach is likely to have a detrimental effect on individuals. This might include if the breach could result in discrimination, damage to reputation, financial loss, loss of confidentiality or any significant economic or social disadvantage.

The DPO should contact ICO using the security breach helpline on 0303 123 1113, option 3 (open Monday to Friday 9am-5pm) or the ICO Data Breach Notification form can be completed and emailed to casework@ico.org.uk.

- 6. **Notification to the Individual:** The DPO must assess whether it is appropriate to notify the individual(s) whose data has been breached. If it is determined that the breach is likely to result in a high risk to the rights and freedoms of the individual(s) then they must be notified by the school
- 7. **Evaluation:** The DPO should assess whether any changes need to be made to the school processes and procedures to ensure that a similar breach does not occur.
- 8. A flow chart detailing the process for any identified breaches is attached in **Appendix 2**

18. Data security

The school will keep personal data secure by taking appropriate technical and organisational measures against unauthorised or unlawful processing and against accidental loss, destruction or damage. In particular:

- 18.1. Confidential paper records will be kept in a locked filing cabinet, drawer or safe, with restricted access.
- 18.2. Confidential paper records will not be left unattended or in clear view anywhere with general access.
- 18.3. Digital data is coded, encrypted or password-protected, both on a local hard drive and on a network drive that is regularly backed up off-site.
- 18.4. Where data is saved on removable storage or a portable device, the device will be kept in a locked filing cabinet, drawer or safe when not in use.
- 18.5. Memory sticks will not be used to hold personal information unless they are password-protected and fully encrypted.
- 18.6. All electronic devices are password-protected to protect the information on the device in case of theft.
- 18.7. Where possible, the school enables electronic devices to allow the remote blocking or deletion of data in case of theft.

- 18.8. Staff and governors will not use their personal laptops or computers for school purposes.
- 18.9. All necessary members of staff are provided with their own secure login and password, and every computer regularly prompts users to change their password.
- 18.10. Emails containing sensitive or confidential information are password-protected if there are unsecure servers between the sender and the recipient.
- 18.11. Circular emails to parents are sent blind carbon copy (bcc), so email addresses are not disclosed to other recipients.
- 18.12. When sending confidential information by fax, staff will always check that the recipient is correct before sending.
- 18.13. Where personal information that could be considered private or confidential is taken off the premises, either in electronic or paper format, staff will take extra care to follow the same procedures for security, e.g. keeping devices under lock and key. The person taking the information from the school premises accepts full responsibility for the security of the data.
- 18.14. Before sharing data, all staff members will ensure:
 - They are allowed to share it.
 - That adequate security is in place to protect it.
 - Who will receive the data has been outlined in a privacy notice.
- 18.15. Under no circumstances are visitors allowed access to confidential or personal information. Visitors to areas of the school containing sensitive information are supervised at all times.
- 18.16. The physical security of the school's buildings and storage systems, and access to them, is reviewed on a **termly** basis. If an increased risk in vandalism/burglary/theft is identified, extra measures to secure data storage will be put in place.
- 18.17. Thornleigh Salesian College takes its duties under the GDPR seriously and any unauthorised disclosure may result in disciplinary action.
- 18.18. The Director of School Services is responsible for continuity and recovery measures are in place to ensure the security of protected data.
- 18.19. Employees must follow all procedures and technologies the school puts in place to maintain the security of all personal data from the point it is collected to the point it is destroyed.
- 18.20. Employees must also comply with all applicable aspects of the school's Acceptable Usage Policy and not attempt to circumvent the administrative,

physical and technical safeguards the school implements and maintains in accordance with the GDPR and the DPA.

18.21. The school will introduce a protective marking scheme to ensure that all data – electronic or on paper – is labelled according to the protection it requires based on Impact Levels:

An Information Risk Register will be created and maintained by the school which summarises each information asset the school maintains. Appropriate measures will be taken to mitigate the risk of disclosure of each information asset based on the impact level assigned. The information risk register can be found in **Appendix 1.**

19. Publication of information

- 19.1. Thornleigh Salesian College publishes a publication scheme on its website outlining classes of information that will be made routinely available, including:
 - Policies and procedures
 - Minutes of meetings
 - Annual reports
 - Financial information
- 19.2. Classes of information specified in the publication scheme are made available quickly and easily on request.
- 19.3. Thornleigh Salesian College will not publish any personal information, including photos, on its website without the permission of the affected individual.
- 19.4. When uploading information to the school website, staff are considerate of any metadata or deletions which could be accessed in documents and images on the site.

20. Personal information to 3rd parties

1. Information sharing with professionals working with children

Information sharing between professionals is vital to ensure the wellbeing of Children. The school will follow the "7 golden rules of Information Sharing" described by the DfE:

- Remember that the GDPR is not a barrier to sharing information
- Be open and honest with the person or family
- Seek advice if you are in any doubt
- Share with consent where appropriate
- · Consider safety and well-being
- Necessary, proportionate, relevant, accurate timely, and secure
- Keep a record of your decision and reasons
- Unauthorised disclosure of personal data is a criminal offence and will likely lead to disciplinary action

https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/277834/information sharing guidance for practitioners and _managers.pdf

2. Investigation of a crime

The school will treat requests for information from an official bodies related to criminal or taxation purposes under The Law Enforcement Directive. The school requires the requestor to complete the Request for Personal Data form.

Requests from the police will be countersigned by a person no lower than inspector. For requests from other organisations other than the police, the form will be countersigned by a person of a higher position within the organisation than the person making the request.

The decision re access will be made by the Head teacher. Generally, the school reserves the right not to release the data but there may be situations such as the receipt of a court order that requires the school to release the information.

Disclosure of non - personal information / FOI Requests

The school as a public authority is subject to The Freedom of Information Act 2000 and all requests for information that is not personal information must be treated as a Freedom of Information request. FOI requests must be fully responded within 20 (school) working days by law. The information will be provided unless the school can provide an exemption under the FOI Act

A more detailed guide to FOI exemptions is here:

https://ico.org.uk/media/for-

organisations/documents/1642/guide_to_freedom_of_information.pdf

3. Other Circumstances

If the school or anyone working on the school's behalf becomes aware of a staff safety issue with regards to one of our students or parents, the school will share that information with the appropriate teams and/or individuals to ensure the safety of all concerned.

The school may also share personal data in some circumstances with other agencies. We will obtain the necessary consents before referring students to another agency where we are required to do so.

The school will sometimes need to share personal data with suppliers and/or contractors who enable the school to provide services to students and staff – e.g. IT companies or energy suppliers. The data shared is limited to the specific information the supplier requires in order to carry out their service as well as any additional information that ensures the school fulfils our health and safety obligations to the people carrying out the work. The school will ensure that suppliers handle this data correctly through the contract terms and the school will only use suppliers and/or contractors that comply with the GDPR and the DPA.

The school will be responsible for the fair and lawful processing of personal data shared with third parties and will make sure this occurs through data sharing agreements, either in contracts or as standalone agreements.

The school will also share personal data with law enforcement and government agencies or public bodies where it is legally required to do so or for the prevention or detection of crime and/or fraud. Examples include:

- The prevention or detection of crime and/or fraud;
- The apprehension or prosecution of offenders;
- The assessment or collection of tax owed to HMRC;
- · In connection with legal proceedings;
- · Where the disclosure is required to satisfy safeguarding obligations; or
- Research and statistical purposes provided personal data is sufficiently anonymised or consent has been provided.

The school may also share personal data where necessary with emergency services and local authorities where it is necessary for them to respond to an emergency situation that affects any of the school's students or staff.

21. CCTV and photography

- 21.1. The CCTV Code of Conduct explains the rationale fully for use of CCTV on the school site.
- 21.2. The school understands that recording images of identifiable individuals constitutes as processing personal information, so it is done in line with data protection principles.
- 21.3. The school notifies all students, staff and visitors of the purpose for collecting CCTV images via notice boards, letters and email.
- 21.4. Cameras are only placed where they do not intrude on anyone's privacy and are necessary to fulfil their purpose.
- 21.5. All CCTV footage will be kept for six months for security purposes; the Director of School Services is responsible for keeping the records secure and allowing access.
- 21.6. The school will always indicate its intentions for taking photographs of students and will retrieve permission before publishing them.
- 21.7. If the school wishes to use images/video footage of students in a publication, such as the school website, prospectus, or recordings of school plays, written permission will be sought for the particular usage from the parent of the student.
- 21.8. Precautions are taken when publishing photographs of students, in print, video or on the school website.
- 21.9. Images captured by individuals for recreational/personal purposes, and videos made by parents for family use, are exempt from the GDPR.

22. Data retention

- 22.1. Data will not be kept for longer than is necessary and in accordance with the school's retention schedule (see **Appendix 1**).
- 22.2. Unrequired data will be deleted as soon as practicable.
- 22.3. Some educational records relating to former students or employees of the school may be kept for an extended period for legal reasons, but also to enable the provision of references or academic transcripts.
- 22.4. Paper documents will be shredded or pulped, and electronic memories scrubbed clean or destroyed, once the data should no longer be retained in accordance with the school's retention schedule (see **Appendix 1**).

23. DBS data

- 23.1. All data provided by the DBS will be handled in line with data protection legislation; this includes electronic communication.
- 23.2. Data provided by the DBS will never be duplicated.
- 23.3. Any third parties who access DBS information will be made aware of the data protection legislation, as well as their responsibilities as a data handler.

24. Automated Biometric Recognition Systems

- 24.1 Where the school uses students' biometric data as part of an automated biometric recognition system (for example, using finger prints to receive school dinners), we will comply with the requirements of the Protection of Freedoms Act 2012.
- 24.2 Parents will be notified before any biometric system is put in place or before their child takes part in it. The school will get written consent from at least one parent before any data is taken from the child and processed.
- 24.3 Parents and students can opt out of the biometric system at any time, and the school will make sure their data is deleted.

25. Policy review

25.1. This policy is reviewed every three years by the DPO and the Headteacher, and ratified by the Governing Body

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Appendix 1 Information Risk Register NOTE TO SCHOOLS:

This retention schedule is based on guidance from the records management society:

http://www.irms.org.uk/images/resources/infoguides/records management toolkit for schools version 4 may 2012.pdf

The Data Protection Officer is the Director of School Services. S/he is responsible for overseeing data protection strategy and implementation to ensure compliance with GDPR requirements. This includes:

- 1 Owning and updating this policy
- 2 Owning the information risk register
- 3 Appointing Information Asset Owners (IAOs) for each Information Asset
- 4 Advocating information risk management and raising awareness of information security issues
- 5 After liaising with the Local Authority decide if a security incident is of sufficient severity to report to the information Commissioners Office.

Information Asset Owners are responsible for:

- 6 Ensuring the information is used for the purpose it was collected
- 7 How information has been amended or added to over time
- 8 Who has access to protected data and why

Named Information Asset Owners are:

HT Head Teacher DH Deputy Head

AHT Assistant Headteacher CtG Clerk to Governors

DSS Director of School Services

IND Individual staff
AS Admin staff
DM Data Manager
PM Premises Manager

SEN Senco

EO Exams Officer

EVC Educational Visits Coordinator

BC Bolton Council

PTA Parent Teachers' Association (if applicable)

1 Child Protection

These retention periods should be used in conjunction with the document "Safeguarding Children and Safer Recruitment in Education which can be downloaded from this link:

httAS://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/289214/safeguarding_children_and_safer_recruitment_in_education.pdf

IAO	Basic file description	Data Prot Issues	Statutory Provisions	Retention period [operational]	Action at the end of the administrative life of the record	Protective Marking Classification
DH	Child Protection files	Yes	Education Act 2002, s175, related guidance "Safeguarding Children in Education", September 2004	DOB + 25 years	SECURE DISPOSAL Child Protection information must be copied and sent under separate cover to new school/college whilst the child is still under 18 (i.e. the information does not need to be sent to a university for example)	IL4-Confidential
DH	Allegation of a child protection nature against a member of staff, including where the allegation is unfounded		Employment Practices Code: Supplementary Guidance 2.13.1 (Records of Disciplinary and Grievance) Education Act 2002 guidance "Dealing with Allegations of Abuse against Teachers and Other Staff" November 2005	Until the person's normal retirement age, or 10 years from the date of the allegation whichever is the longer	SECURE DISPOSAL The following is an extract from "Safeguarding Children and Safer Recruitment in Education" p60 "Record Keeping 5.10 It is important that a clear and comprehensive summary of any allegations made, details of how the allegation was followed up and resolved, and a note of any action taken and decisions reached, is kept on a person's confidential personnel file, and a copy provided to the person concerned. The purpose of the record is to enable accurate information to be given in response to any future request for a reference if the person has moved on. It will provide clarification in cases where a future CRB Disclosure reveals information from the police about an allegation that did not result in a criminal conviction. And it will help to prevent unnecessary reinvestigation if, as sometimes happens, an allegation resurfaces after a period of time. The record should be retained at least until the person has reached normal retirement age or for a period of 10 years from the date of the allegation if that is longer."	IL4-Confidential

2 G	2 Governors								
IAO	Basic file description	Data Prot Issues	Statutory Provisions	Retention period [operational]	Action at the end of the administrative life of the record	Protective Marking Classification			
	Minutes								
CtG	Principal set (signed)	No		Permanent	Retain in school whilst school is open then transfer to Archives.	IL3 - RESTRICTED			
CtG	Inspection copies	No		Date of meeting + 3 years	If these minutes contain any sensitive personal information they should be SECURELY DISPOSED	IL3 - RESTRICTED			
CtG	Agendas	No		Date of meeting	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL1-Unclassified			

CtG	Reports	No	Date of report + 6 years	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL1-Unclassified
CtG	Annual Parents' meeting papers	No	Date of meeting + 6 years	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL1-Unclassified
CtG	Instruments of Government	No	Permanent	Retain in school whilst school is open then transfer to Archives.	IL1-Unclassified
DSS	Trusts and Endowments	No	Permanent	Retain in school whilst operationally required then transfer to Archives.	IL1-Unclassified
HT	Action Plans	No	Date of action plan + 3 years	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL1-Unclassified
CtG	Statutory Policy documents (does not include school specific policies such as writing policies etc.)	No	Expiry of policy	Retain in school whilst policy is operational (this includes if the expired policy is part of a past decision making process) SECURE DISPOSAL	IL1-Unclassified
HT	Complaints files	Yes	Date of resolution of complaint + 6 years	Retain in school for the first six years. Review for further retention in the case of contentious disputes. SECURE DISPOSAL	IL3 - RESTRICTED

3 Management

IAO		Data Prot Issues	Statutory Provisions	Retention period [operational]	Action at the end of the administrative life of the record	Protective Marking Classification
CtG	Minutes of the Senior Management Team and other internal administrative bodies	Yes ¹		Date of meeting + 5 years	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL3 - RESTRICTED
CtG	Reports made by the head teacher or the management team	Yes ¹		Date of report + 3 years	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL3 - RESTRICTED
IND	Records created by head teachers, deputy head teachers, heads of year and other members of staff with administrative responsibilities	Yes ¹		Closure of file + 6 years	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL3 - RESTRICTED

IND	Correspondenc e created by head teachers, deputy head teachers, heads of year and other members of staff with administrative responsibilities	No	Date of corresponde nce + 3 years	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL2-PROTECT
CtG	Professional development plans (Management plans for professional development plans of staff)	Yes	Closure + 6 years	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL3 - RESTRICTED
CtG	School development plans	No	Closure + 6 years	Review Offer to the Archives	IL2-PROTECT
AS	Admissions – if the admission is successful	Yes	Admission + 1 year	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL3 - RESTRICTED
AS	Admissions – if the appeal is unsuccessful	Yes	Resolution of case + 1 year	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL3 - RESTRICTED

AS	Admissions –	Yes	Current year +	SECURE DISPOSAL	
	Secondary		1 year		IL3 - RESTRICTED
	Schools -				IL3 - KESTRICTED
	Casual				
AS	Proofs of	Yes	Current year +	SECURE DISPOSAL	
	address supplied		1 year		
	by parents as				
	part				IL3 - RESTRICTED
	of the				
	admissions				
	process				

[1] From January 1st 2005 subject access is permitted into unstructured filing systems and log books and other records created within the school containing details about the activities of individual students and members of staff will become subject to the GDPR and the Data Protection Act 2018.

AS	Admission Registers	Yes		Date of last entry in the book (or file) + 6 years	Retain in the school for 6 years from the date of the last entry. Offer to the Archives	IL3 - RESTRICTED
DM	Attendance registers	Yes	The Education (Student Registration) (England) Regulations 2006 (No. 1751)	Date of register + 3 years	SECURE DISPOSAL [If these records are retained electronically any backup copies should be destroyed at the same time]	IL3 - RESTRICTED
DM	Student record cards	Yes	Limitation Act 1980	DOB of the student + 25 years[1]	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL3 - RESTRICTED

DM	Student files	Yes	Limitation Act 1980	DOB of the student + 25 years[2]	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL3 - RESTRICTED
SEN	Special Educational Needs files, reviews and Individual Education Plans	Yes		DOB of the student + 25 years	SECURE DISPOSAL NOTE: This retention period is the minimum period that any student file should be kept. Some authorities choose to keep SEN files for a longer period of time to defend themselves in a "failure to provide a sufficient education" case. There is an element of business risk analysis involved in any decision to keep the records longer than the minimum retention period.	IL4-Confidential
AS	Correspondenc e Relating to Authorised Absence and Issues	No		Date of absence + 2 years	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL2-PROTECT
EO	Examination results - Public	No		Year of exams + 6 years	SECURE DISPOSAL Any certificates left unclaimed should be returned to the appropriate Examination Board	IL2-PROTECT
AHT	Internal examination results	Yes		Current year + 5 years[3]	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL2-PROTECT
HT	Any other records created in the course of contact with students	Yes/No		Current year + 3 years	Review at the end of 3 years and either allocate a further retention period or SECURE DISPOSAL	IL3 - RESTRICTED

SEN	Statement maintained under The Education Act 1996 - Section 324	Yes	Special Educational Needs and Disability Act 2001 Section 1	DOB + 30 years	SECURE DISPOSAL unless legal action is pending	IL4-Confidential
SEN	Proposed statement or amended statement	Yes	Special Educational Needs and Disability Act 2001 Section 1	DOB + 30 years	SECURE DISPOSAL unless legal action is pending	IL4-Confidential
SEN	Advice and information to parents regarding educational needs	Yes	Special Educational Needs and Disability Act 2001 Section 2	Closure + 12 years	SECURE DISPOSAL unless legal action is pending	IL4-Confidential
SEN	Accessibility Strategy	Yes	Special Educational Needs and Disability Act 2001 Section 14	Closure + 12 years	SECURE DISPOSAL unless legal action is pending	IL3 - RESTRICTED

SEN	Children's SEN Files	Yes		DOB of student + 25 years then review – it may be appropriate to add an additional retention period in certain cases	SECURE DISPOSAL unless legal action is pending	IL4-Confidential
EVC	Parental permission slips for school trips – where there has been no major incident	Yes		Conclusion of the trip	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL3 - RESTRICTED
EVC	Parental permission slips for school trips – where there has been a major incident	Yes	Limitation Act 1980	DOB of the student involved in the incident + 25 years The permission slips for all students on the trip need to be retained to show that the rules had been	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL3 - RESTRICTED

				followed for all students		
EVC	Records created by schools to obtain approval to run an Educational Visit outside the Classroom	N	3 part supplement to the Health & Safety of Students on Educational Visits (HASPEV) (1998).	Date of visit + 10 years ⁷	SECURE DISPOSAL or delete securely	IL2-PROTECT

^[1] In the case of exclusion it may be appropriate to transfer the record to the Behaviour Service

^[2] As above

^[3] If these records are retained on the student file or in their National Record of Achievement they need only be kept for as long as operationally necessary.

^[4] This retention period has been set in agreement with the Safeguarding Children's Officer

4 Cu	4 Curriculum						
IAO	Basic file description	Data Prot Issues	Statutory Provisions	Retention period [operational]	Action at the end of the administrative life of the record	Protective Marking Classification	
AHT	Curriculum development	No		Current year + 6 years	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL1-Unclassified	
AHT	Curriculum returns	No		Current year + 3 years	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL1-Unclassified	
AHT	School syllabus	No		Current year + 1 year	It may be appropriate to review these records at the end of each year and allocate a new retention period or SECURE DISPOSAL	IL1-Unclassified	
AHT	Schemes of work	No		Current year + 1 year This retention period starts once the document has been superceded	It may be appropriate to review these records at the end of each year and allocate a new retention period or SECURE DISPOSAL	IL1-Unclassified	
AHT	Timetable	No		Current year + 1 year	It may be appropriate to review these records at the end of each year and allocate a new retention period or SECURE DISPOSAL	IL1-Unclassified	

IND	Class record books	No	Current year + 1 year	It may be appropriate to review these records at the end of each year and allocate a new retention period or SECURE DISPOSAL	IL2-PROTECT
IND	Mark Books	No	Current year + 1 year	It may be appropriate to review these records at the end of each year and allocate a new retention period or SECURE DISPOSAL	IL2-PROTECT
IND	Record of homework set	No	Current year + 1 year	It may be appropriate to review these records at the end of each year and allocate a new retention period or SECURE DISPOSAL	IL2-PROTECT
IND	Students' work	No	Current year + 1 year	It may be appropriate to review these records at the end of each year and allocate a new retention period or SECURE DISPOSAL	IL2-PROTECT
AHT	Examination results	Yes	Current year + 6 years	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL3 - RESTRICTED
AHT	SATS records	Yes	Current year + 6 years	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL3 - RESTRICTED
AHT	PAN reports	Yes	Current year + 6 years	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL3 - RESTRICTED
AHT	Value added records	Yes	Current year + 6 years	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL3 - RESTRICTED
HT	Self-Evaluation Forms	Yes	Current year + 6 years	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL3 - RESTRICTED

5 Personnel Records held in Schools						
IAO	Basic file description	Data Prot Issues	Statutory Provisions	Retention period [operational]	Action at the end of the administrative life of the record	Protective Marking Classification
DSS	Timesheets, sick pay	Yes	Financial Regulations	Current year + 6 years	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL2-PROTECT
DSS	Staff Personal files	Yes		Termination + 7 years	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL2-PROTECT
DSS	Interview notes and recruitment records	Yes		Date of interview + 6 months	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL2-PROTECT
DSS	Preemployment vetting information (including DSB Checks)	No	DBS Guidelines	Date of check + 6 months	SECURE DISPOSAL [by the designated member of staff]	IL2-PROTECT
DSS	Single Central Record	Yes	ISA guidelines	Keep until school closure	Offer to local authority designated officer	IL2-PROTECT
DSS	Disciplinary proceedings:		Where the war disciplinary pr contact your s			

DSS	oral warning	Yes	Date of warning + 6 months	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL2-PROTECT
DSS	written warning – level one	Yes	Date of warning + 6 months	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL2-PROTECT
DSS	written warning – level two	Yes	Date of warning + 12 months	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL2-PROTECT
DSS	final warning	Yes	Date of warning + 18 months	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL2-PROTECT
DSS	case not found	Yes	•	related please see 1.2 otherwise OSAL immediately at the conclusion of the	IL2-PROTECT
DSS	Records relating to accident/injury at work	Yes	Date of incident + 12 years	In the case of serious accidents a further retention period will need to be applied. SECURE DISPOSAL	IL2-PROTECT
CtG	Annual appraisal/asses sment records	No	Current year + 5 years	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL2-PROTECT
ВС	Salary cards	Yes	Last date of employment + 85 years	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL2-PROTECT

BC	Maternity pay records	Yes	Statutory Maternity Pay (General) Regulations 1986 (SI 1986/1960), revised 1999 (SI 1999/567)	Current year, +3yrs	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL2-PROTECT
BC	Records held under Retirement Benefits Schemes (Information Powers) Regulations 1995	Yes		Current year + 6 years	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL2-PROTECT
DSS	Proof of identity collected as part of the process of checking "portable" enhanced DBS disclosure				Where possible these should be checked and a note kept of what was seen and what has been checked. If it is felt necessary to keep copy documentation then this should be placed on the member of staff's personal file.	IL2-PROTECT

^[1] If this is placed on a personal file it must be weeded from the file.

6 Health and Safety

IAO	Basic file description	Data Prot Issues	Statutory Provisions	Retention period [operational]	Action at the end of the administrative life of the record	Protective Marking Classification
DSS	Accessibility Plans	No	Equality Act	Current year + 6 years	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL1-Unclassified
DSS	Adults (All Accidents)	Yes		Date of incident + 7 years	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL3 - RESTRICTED
DSS	Children (All Accidents)	Yes		DOB of child + 25 years[1]	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL3 - RESTRICTED
PM	COSHH	No		Current year + 10 years [where appropriate an additional retention period may be allocated]	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL1-Unclassified
PM	Incident reports	Yes		Current year + 20 years	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL3 - RESTRICTED
PM	Policy Statements	No		Date of expiry + 1 year	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL1-Unclassified
PM	Risk Assessments	No		Current year + 3 years	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL1-Unclassified

PM	Process of monitoring of areas where employees and persons are likely to have become in contact with asbestos	No	Last action + 40 years	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL1-Unclassified
PM	Process of monitoring of areas where employees and persons are likely to have come in contact with radiation	No	Last action + 40 years	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL1-Unclassified
PM	Fire Precautions log books	No	Current year + 6 years	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL1-Unclassified

^[1] A child may make a claim for negligence for 7 years from their 18th birthday. To ensure that all records are kept until the student reaches the age of 25 this retention period has been applied.

7 A	7 Administrative							
IAO	Basic description	file Data Prot Issues	Statutory Provisions	Retention period [operational]	Action at the end of the administrative life of the record	Protective Marking Classification		

DSS	Employer's Liability certificate	No	Closure of the school + 40 years	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL1-Unclassified
PM	Inventories of equipment and furniture	No	Current year + 6 years	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL1-Unclassified
DSS	General administrative records (records not specifically listed elsewhere)	No	Current year + 5 years	Review to see whether a further retention period is required	IL1–Unclassified
CtG	School brochure or prospectus	No	Current year + 3 years		IL1–Unclassified
DSS	Circulars (staff/parents/ students)	No	Current year + 1 year	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL1–Unclassified
DSS	Newsletters, ephemera	No	Current year + 1 year	Review to see whether a further retention period is required	IL1–Unclassified
DSS	Visitors book	No	Current year + 2 years	Review to see whether a further retention period is required	IL1-Unclassified

8 Fin	ance					
IAO	Basic file description	Data Prot Issues	Statutory Provisions	Retention period [operational]	Action at the end of the administrative life of the record	Protective Marking Classification
DSS	Annual Accounts	No	Financial Regulations	Current year + 6 years	Offer to the Archives	IL2-PROTECT
DSS	Loans and grants	No	Financial Regulations	Date of last payment on loan + 12 years	Review to see whether a further retention period is required	IL2-PROTECT
	Contracts					
DSS	under seal	No		Contract completion date + 12 years	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL2-PROTECT
DSS	under signature	No		Contract completion date + 6 years	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL2-PROTECT
DSS	monitoring records (Bolton Council Corporate Property Unit may hold these records on the schools behalf)	No		Current year + 2 years	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL2-PROTECT
DSS	Copy orders	No		Current year + 2 years	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL2-PROTECT

DSS	Budget reports, budget monitoring etc	No		Current year + 3 years	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL2-PROTECT
DSS	Invoice, receipts and other records covered by the Financial Regulations	No	Financial Regulations	Current year + 6 years	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL2-PROTECT
DSS	Annual Budget and background papers	No		Current year + 6 years	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL2-PROTECT
DSS	Order books and requisitions	No		Current year + 6 years	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL2-PROTECT
DSS	Delivery Documentation	No		Current year + 6 years	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL2-PROTECT
DSS	Debtors' Records	No	Limitation Act 1980	Current year + 6 years	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL2-PROTECT
DSS	School Fund – Cheque books	No		Current year + 3 years	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL2-PROTECT
DSS	School Fund – Paying in books	No		Current year + 6 years then review	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL2-PROTECT
DSS	School Fund – Ledger	No		Current year + 6 years then review	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL2-PROTECT

DSS	School Fund – Invoices	No		Current year + 6 years then review	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL2-PROTECT
DSS	School Fund – Receipts	No		Current year + 6 years	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL2-PROTECT
DSS	School Fund – Bank statements	No		Current year + 6 years then review	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL2-PROTECT
DSS	School Fund – School Journey books	No		Current year + 6 years then review	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL2-PROTECT
DSS	Student Grant Applications	Yes		Current year + 6 years then review	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL2-PROTECT
DSS	Free school meals registers	Yes	Financial Regulations	Current year + 6 years	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL3 - RESTRICTED
DSS	Petty cash books	No	Financial Regulations	Current year + 6 years	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL2-PROTECT

9 Pro	Property							
IAO	Basic file description	Data Prot Issues	Statutory Provisions	Retention period [operational]	Action at the end of the administrative life of the record	Protective Marking Classification		
DSS	Title Deeds	No		Permanent	Permanent -these should follow the property unless the property has been registered at the Land Registry	IL2-PROTECT		

DSS	Plans	No		Permanent	Retain in school whilst operational	IL3 - RESTRICTED
DSS	Maintenance and contractors	No	Financial Regulations	Current year + 6 years	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL2-PROTECT
DSS	Leases	No		Expiry of lease + 6 years	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL2-PROTECT
DSS	Lettings	No		Current year + 3 years	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL2-PROTECT
DSS	Burglary, theft and vandalism report forms	No		Current year + 6 years	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL2-PROTECT
DSS	Maintenance log books	No		Last entry + 10 years	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL1–Unclassified
DSS	Contractors' Reports	No		Current year + 6 years	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL2-PROTECT

10 [10 Department for Children, Schools and Families							
IAO	Basic file description	Data Prot Issues	Statutory Provisions	Retention period [operational]	Action at the end of the administrative life of the record	Protective Marking Classification		
CtG	OFSTED reports and papers	No		Replace former report with any new inspection report	Schools may wish to retain copies of former reports for longer	IL2-PROTECT		

DSS	Returns	No	Current year + 6 years	SECURE DISPOSAL	IL3 - RESTRICTED
HT/ CtG	Circulars from Department for Children, Schools and Families	No	Whilst operationally required	Review to see whether a further retention period is required	IL1-Unclassified

All staff will be made aware of the GDPR Policy; Privacy notices will be distributed to all students/families & staff; and annual training regarding safety of data and data breaches will be part of the CPD process.

The term 'personal data breach' refers to a breach of security which has led to the destruction, loss, alteration, unauthorised disclosure of, or access to, personal data.

Every term, the DSS is to walk the site identifying any areas or practices of concern, in relation to data security. This could include, but is not restricted to, 'bin surfing' (paper waste check), computers locked, filing cabinets locked.

If a data breach has been identified, it should be reported immediately to the DPO and the Headteacher. During holiday periods, if none of these post holders can be contacted, a member of SLT must be informed immediately.

The form (Appendix 3 of the Policy,) must be completed with full details of the actual/suspected breach.

WITHIN 72 HOURS following the reported incident, the school will collate the details, will investigate and after liaising with the Local Authority, decide if the incident is of sufficient severity to report to The Information Commissioners Office.

In the event that a breach is likely to result in a high risk to the rights and freedoms of an individual, the school will notify those concerned directly.

Appendix 3 Data Breach Incident Form

Part A: Breach Information

When did the breach occur (or become known)?	
Which staff member was involved in the breach?	
Who was the breach reported to?	
Date of Report:	
Time of Report:	
Description of Breach:	
Initial Containment Activity:	

Part B: Breach Risk Assessment

Part B: Breach Risk Assessment	
What type of data is involved:	Hard Copy: Yes / No
	Electronic Data: Yes / No
Is the data categorised as 'sensitive' within one	Racial or ethnic origin: Yes / No
of the following categories:	Political opinions: Yes / No
	Religious or philosophical beliefs: Yes / No
	Trade union membership: Yes / No
	Data concerning health or sex life and sexual
	orientation: Yes / No Genetic data: Yes / No
	Biometric data: Yes / No
Were any protective measures in place to secure	Yes / No
the data (e.g. encryption):	If yes, please outline:
What has happened to the data:	
What could the data tell a third party about the	
individual:	
Number of individuals affected by the breach:	
Whose data has been breached:	

What harm can come to those individuals:	
Are there wider consequences to consider e.g. reputational loss:	
Part C: Breach Notification	
Is the breach likely to result in a risk to people's rights and freedoms?	Yes / No If Yes, then the ICO should be notified within 72 hours.
Date ICO notified:	
Time ICO notified:	
Reported by:	
Method used to notify ICO:	
Notes:	
Is the breach likely to result in a <u>high</u> risk to people's rights and freedoms?	Yes / No If Yes, then the individual should be notified
Date individual notified:	
Notified by:	
Notes:	
Action to be taken to recover the data:	
Part D: Breach Action Plan	
Relevant governors/trustees to be notified:	Names:

	Date Notified:		
Notification to any other relevant external agencies:	External agencies:		
	Date Notified:		
Internal procedures (e.g. disciplinary investigation) to be completed:			
Steps needed to prevent reoccurrence of breach:			

Data Breach Log

D	ate Reported:	Notified By:	Reported To:	Description of	Notification to	Notification to	Further Actions	Reviewed by:
				Breach:	ICO:	Individual(s)	to be taken:	
					Yes/No	Yes/No		
					Yes/No	Yes/No		
					Yes/No	Yes/No		